

Revelstoke IPMA Priority Plant List

PREVENT – High priority species not currently known in the IPMA and/ or within the region. Management objective is to prevent the introduction and establishment.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bighead knapweed - Black henbane - Buffalobur - Bur chervil - Colt's foot - Common bugloss - Field scabious - Giant hogweed - Gorse - Greater knapweed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Himalayan knotweed - Hoary cress - Japanese butterbur - Longspine sandbur - Nodding thistle - North Africa grass - Plumeless thistle - Poison hemlock - Puncturevine 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rush skeletonweed (BC) - Russian knapweed - Scotch thistle - Short-fringed knapweed - Spurge laurel - Tansy ragwort - Tree of heaven - Wood sage - Yellow flag iris
REGIONAL EDRR – High priority species extremely limited in extent (less than 10 very small sites) within the Columbia Shuswap Regional District boundary. Management objective is eradication.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cypress spurge - Garlic mustard 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Giant knotweed - Wild chervil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Wild parsnip
ANNUAL CONTROL – Species with limited extent and/ or significant potential to spread. Management objective is to prevent further expansion into new areas with the ultimate goal of reducing the overall extent.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Baby's breath - Black knapweed (BC) - Blueweed - Bohemian knotweed - Brown knapweed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Himalayan blackberry - Hoary alyssum - Japanese knotweed - Leafy spurge (BC) - Marsh plume thistle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Policeman's helmet - Scotch broom - Teasel - Yellow archangel
CONTAINMENT – Species is established or with high potential for spread. Management objective is to prevent further expansion into new areas within the region through establishment of containment lines and identification of occurrences outside the line to control.		
Contain to gardens: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Butterfly bush - Common periwinkle - English holly - English ivy - Garden yellow loosestrife 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Goutweed - Mountain bluet - Myrtle spurge - Russian olive - Salt cedar/ Tamarisk - Siberian elm 	Contain to southern portion of IPMA: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Common tansy Contain to Revelstoke and Arrow Reservoirs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Eurasian water milfoil
MANAGEMENT – Species is more widespread but may be of concern in specific situations with certain high values - e.g., conservation lands, specific agriculture crops. Management objective is to reduce the invasive species impacts locally or regionally, where resources are available.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bull thistle (BC) - Burdock - Canada thistle (BC) - Caraway - Chicory - Common comfrey - Dalmatian toadflax (BC) - Diffuse knapweed (BC) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hound's tongue (BC) - Meadow buttercup - Meadow goat's beard - Meadow knapweed (BC) - Orange hawkweed - Oxeye daisy - Purple loosestrife (BC) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Spotted knapweed (BC) - St. John's Wort (BC) - Sulphur cinquefoil - Western goat's beard - Wormwood - Yellow hawkweed spp. - Yellow toadflax (BC)
INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION – Species have insufficient information on their distribution, impacts, potential for spread and/or feasibility of control. Further information is required.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bachelor's button - Black locust - Carpet burweed - Cheatgrass/downy brome - Creeping buttercup - Curly leaf pondweed - Dame's rocket - Eyebright 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Field bindweed - Flat peavine - Fragrant water lily - Greater celandine - Green foxtail - Kochia - Lady's thumb 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nightshade - Queen Anne's Lace - Russian thistle - Scentless chamomile (BC) - Sweet fennel - Wild four o'clock - Woolly vetch

BC – biocontrol