

Salmon Arm IPMA Priority Plant List

REGIONAL EDRR - High risk invasive plant species not currently known within the Columbia Shuswap Regional District boundary or brand new incursions that are extremely limited in extent (less than 10 very small sites) within the Columbia Shuswap Regional District boundary. Management objective is eradication.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bighead knapweed - Buffalobur - Bur chervil - Colt's foot - Common bugloss - Garlic mustard - Giant hogweed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Giant knotweed - Gorse - Greater knapweed - Himalayan knotweed - Hoary Cress - Longspine sandbur - Nodding thistle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Plumeless thistle - Puncturevine - Short-fringed knapweed - Tansy Ragwort - Wild parsnip - Wood sage
ERADICATION or ANNUAL CONTROL – Species are known in the IPMA but with very limited distribution. Some species are relatively new to the IPMA so eradication is the objective. Other species may have been present for a relatively long period so monitoring for spread is the management objective.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Baby's breath - Black knapweed (BC) - Blueweed - Bohemian knotweed - Cypress spurge - Field scabious - Himalayan blackberry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Japanese knotweed - Leafy spurge (BC) - Marsh plum thistle - Meadow knapweed (BC) - Poison hemlock - Policeman's helmet - Rush skeletonweed (BC) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Scotch broom - Scotch thistle - Teasel - Wild chervil - Yellow archangel - Yellow flag iris
CONTAINMENT – Species are abundant (with no expectation of eradication) in certain portions of the IPMA but have not yet infested all potential habitats. Containment is the management objective. Treat all sites outside of containment lines.		
Contain to gardens: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Butterfly bush - Common periwinkle - English holly - English ivy - Garden yellow loosestrife - Goutweed - Japanese butterbur 	Contain to gardens Cont'd: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mountain bluet - Russian olive - Salt cedar/ Tamarisk - Siberian elm Contain to White Lake: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fragrant water lily 	Contain to west portion of IPMA (treat Seymour Arm and east portion of IPMA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Common tansy Contain to Shuswap/ Mara/White Lake: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Eurasian water milfoil
ESTABLISHED (BIOCONTROL OR SITE-SPECIFIC APPROACH) – Widespread species beyond landscape-level control and/or have relatively low impact. May have biocontrol (BC) available. Treat based on land management objectives.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Annual sow thistle - Bull thistle (BC) - Burdock - Canada thistle (BC) - Chicory - Common comfrey - Curled dock - Dalmatian toadflax (BC) - Diffuse knapweed (BC) - Hoary alyssum 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hound's tongue (BC) - Knapweed spp. (BC) - Meadow buttercup - Meadow goat's beard - Nightshade - Orange hawkweed - Oxeye daisy - Perennial sow thistle - Purple loosestrife (BC) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Queen Anne's Lace - Sow thistle spp - Spotted knapweed (BC) - St. John's Wort (BC) - Sulphur cinquefoil - Western goat's beard - Wormwood - Yellow hawkweed spp. - Yellow toadflax (BC)
INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION – Insufficient information for these species on their distribution, impacts, potential for spread and/or feasibility of control. Further information is required.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bachelor's button - Black locust - Brown knapweed - Caraway - Carpet burweed - Creeping buttercup - Curly leaf pondweed - Dame's rocket 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Eyebright - Field bindweed - Flat peavine - Greater celandine - Green foxtail - Hairy cat's ear - Kochia - Lady's thumb 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Night-flowering catchfly - Russian knapweed - Russian thistle - Scentless chamomile (BC) - Spurge laurel - Sweet fennel - Wild four o'clock

BC – biocontrol